EXHIBIT 6. Federal Medical Assistance Percentages and Enhanced Federal Medical Assistance Percentages by State, FYs 2022–2025

	FMAPs for Medicaid ¹							E-FMAPs for CHIP						
State	FY 2022 (Emergency) ^{2, 3}	FY 2023 Q1–2 (Emergency) ^{2, 4}	FY 2023 Q3 (Emergency) ^{2, 4}	FY 2023 Q4 (Emergency) ^{2, 4}	FY 2024 ⁵	FY 2025	FY 2022 (Emergency) ^{3, 6}	FY 2023 Q1-2 (Emergency) ^{4, 6}	FY 2023 Q3 (Emergency) ^{4, 6}	FY 2023 Q4 (Emergency) ^{4, 6}	FY 2024 ^{5, 6}	FY 2025		
Alabama	78.57%	78.63%	77.43%	74.93%	73.12%	72.84%	85.00%	85.04%	84.20%	82.45%	81.18%	80.99%		
Alaska	56.20	56.20	55.00	52.50	50.01	51.54	69.34	69.34	68.50	66.75	65.01	66.08		
Arizona	76.21	75.76	74.56	72.06	66.29	64.89	83.35	83.03	82.19	80.44	76.40	75.42		
Arkansas	77.82	77.51	76.31	73.81	72.00	71.14	84.47	84.26	83.42	81.67	80.40	79.80		
California	56.20	56.20	55.00	52.50	50.00	50.00	69.34	69.34	68.50	66.75	65.00	65.00		
Colorado	56.20	56.20	55.00	52.50	50.00	50.00	69.34	69.34	68.50	66.75	65.00	65.00		
Connecticut	56.20	56.20	55.00	52.50	50.00	50.00	69.34	69.34	68.50	66.75	65.00	65.00		
Delaware	63.92	64.69	63.49	60.99	59.71	60.15	74.74	75.28	74.44	72.69	71.80	72.11		
District of Columbia	76.20	76.20	75.00	72.50	70.00	70.00	83.34	83.34	82.50	80.75	79.00	79.00		
Florida	67.23	66.25	65.05	62.55	57.96	57.17	77.06	76.38	75.54	73.79	70.57	70.02		
Georgia	73.05	72.22	71.02	68.52	65.89	66.04	81.14	80.55	79.71	77.96	76.12	76.23		
Hawaii	59.84	62.26	61.06	58.56	58.56	59.08	71.89	73.58	72.74	70.99	70.99	71.36		
Idaho	76.41	76.31	75.11	72.61	69.72	67.59	83.49	83.42	82.58	80.83	78.80	77.31		
Illinois	57.29	56.20	55.00	52.50	51.09	51.38	70.10	69.34	68.50	66.75	65.76	65.97		
Indiana	72.50	71.86	70.66	68.16	65.62	64.90	80.75	80.30	79.46	77.71	75.93	75.43		
Iowa	68.34	69.33	68.13	65.63	64.13	63.25	77.84	78.53	77.69	75.94	74.89	74.28		
Kansas	66.36	65.96	64.76	62.26	60.97	61.87	76.45	76.17	75.33	73.58	72.68	73.31		
Kentucky	78.95	78.37	77.17	74.67	71.78	71.48	85.27	84.86	84.02	82.27	80.25	80.04		
Louisiana	74.22	73.48	72.28	69.78	67.67	68.06	81.95	81.44	80.60	78.85	77.37	77.64		
Maine	70.20	69.49	68.29	65.79	62.65	62.06	79.14	78.64	77.80	76.05	73.86	73.44		
Maryland	56.20	56.20	55.00	52.50	50.00	50.00	69.34	69.34	68.50	66.75	65.00	65.00		
Massachusetts	56.20	56.20	55.00	52.50	50.00	50.00	69.34	69.34	68.50	66.75	65.00	65.00		
Michigan	71.68	70.91	69.71	67.21	64.94	65.13	80.18	79.64	78.80	77.05	75.46	75.59		
Minnesota	56.71	56.99	55.79	53.29	51.49	51.16	69.70	69.89	69.05	67.30	66.04	65.81		
Mississippi	84.51	84.06	82.86	80.36	77.27	76.90	89.16	88.84	88.00	86.25	84.09	83.83		
Missouri	72.56	72.01	70.81	68.31	66.07	65.31	80.79	80.41	79.57	77.82	76.25	75.72		
Montana	71.10	70.32	69.12	66.62	63.91	62.37	79.77	79.22	78.38	76.63	74.74	73.66		
Nebraska	64.00	64.07	62.87	60.37	58.60	57.52	74.80	74.85	74.01	72.26	71.02	70.26		



EXHIBIT 6. (continued)

	FMAPs for Medicaid¹							E-FMAPs for CHIP						
State	FY 2022 (Emergency) ^{2, 3}	FY 2023 Q1-2 (Emergency) ^{2, 4}	FY 2023 Q3 (Emergency) ^{2, 4}	FY 2023 Q4 (Emergency) ^{2, 4}	FY 2024 ⁵	FY 2025	FY 2022 (Emergency) ^{3, 6}	FY 2023 Q1-2 (Emergency) ^{4, 6}	FY 2023 Q3 (Emergency) ^{4, 6}	FY 2023 Q4 (Emergency) ^{4, 6}	FY 2024 ^{5, 6}	FY 2025		
Nevada	68.79%	68.85%	67.65%	65.15%	60.77%	60.22%	78.15%	78.20%	77.36%	75.61%	72.54%	72.15%		
New Hampshire	56.20	56.20	55.00	52.50	50.00	50.00	69.34	69.34	68.50	66.75	65.00	65.00		
New Jersey	56.20	56.20	55.00	52.50	50.00	50.00	69.34	69.34	68.50	66.75	65.00	65.00		
New Mexico	79.91	79.46	78.26	75.76	72.59	71.68	85.94	85.62	84.78	83.03	80.81	80.18		
New York	56.20	56.20	55.00	52.50	50.00	50.00	69.34	69.34	68.50	66.75	65.00	65.00		
North Carolina	73.85	73.91	72.71	70.21	65.91	65.06	81.70	81.74	80.90	79.15	76.14	75.54		
North Dakota	59.79	57.75	56.55	54.05	53.82	50.97	71.85	70.43	69.59	67.84	67.67	65.68		
Ohio	70.30	69.78	68.58	66.08	64.30	64.60	79.21	78.85	78.01	76.26	75.01	75.22		
Oklahoma	74.51	73.56	72.36	69.86	67.53	67.08	82.16	81.49	80.65	78.90	77.27	76.96		
Oregon	66.42	66.52	65.32	62.82	59.31	59.00	76.49	76.56	75.72	73.97	71.52	71.30		
Pennsylvania	58.88	58.20	57.00	54.50	54.12	55.09	71.22	70.74	69.90	68.15	67.88	68.56		
Rhode Island	61.08	60.16	58.96	56.46	55.01	56.31	72.76	72.11	71.27	69.52	68.51	69.42		
South Carolina	76.95	76.78	75.58	73.08	69.53	69.67	83.87	83.75	82.91	81.16	78.67	78.77		
South Dakota	64.89	62.94	61.74	59.24	54.98	53.07	75.42	74.06	73.22	71.47	68.49	67.15		
Tennessee	72.56	72.30	71.10	68.60	65.28	64.81	80.79	80.61	79.77	78.02	75.70	75.37		
Texas	67.00	66.07	64.87	62.37	60.15	60.00	76.90	76.25	75.41	73.66	72.11	72.00		
Utah	73.03	72.10	70.90	68.40	65.90	64.36	81.12	80.47	79.63	77.88	76.13	75.05		
Vermont	62.67	62.02	60.82	58.32	56.75	58.19	73.87	73.41	72.57	70.82	69.73	70.73		
Virginia	56.20	56.85	55.65	53.15	51.22	50.99	69.34	69.80	68.96	67.21	65.85	65.69		
Washington	56.20	56.20	55.00	52.50	50.00	50.00	69.34	69.34	68.50	66.75	65.00	65.00		
West Virginia	80.88	80.22	79.02	76.52	74.10	73.84	86.62	86.15	85.31	83.56	81.87	81.69		
Wisconsin	66.08	66.30	65.10	62.60	60.66	60.43	76.26	76.41	75.57	73.82	72.46	72.30		
Wyoming	56.20	56.20	55.00	52.50	50.00	50.00	69.34	69.34	68.50	66.75	65.00	65.00		
American Samoa ⁷	89.20	89.20	88.00	85.50	83.00	83.00	92.44	92.44	91.60	89.85	85.00	85.00		
Guam ⁷	89.20	89.20	88.00	85.50	83.00	83.00	92.44	92.44	91.60	89.85	85.00	85.00		
N. Mariana Islands ⁷	89.20	89.20	88.00	85.50	83.00	83.00	92.44	92.44	91.60	89.85	85.00	85.00		
Puerto Rico ⁷	82.20	82.20	81.00	78.50	76.00	76.00	87.54	87.54	86.70	84.95	83.20	83.20		
Virgin Islands ⁷	89.20	89.20	88.00	85.50	83.00	83.00	92.44	92.44	91.60	89.85	85.00	85.00		

Notes: FMAP is federal medical assistance percentage. E-FMAP is enhanced FMAP. FY is fiscal year. Q is quarter. The federal government's share of most Medicaid service costs is determined by the FMAP, with some exceptions. For Medicaid administrative costs, the federal share does not vary by state and is generally 50 percent. The E-FMAP determines the federal share of both service and administrative costs for CHIP, subject to the availability of funds from a state's federal allotments for CHIP.

FMAPs for Medicaid are generally calculated based on a formula that compares each state's per capita income to U.S. per capita income and provides a higher federal match for states with lower per capita incomes, subject to a statutory minimum (50 percent) and maximum (83 percent). The general formula for a given state is: FMAP = 1 – [(state per capita income squared ÷ U.S. per capita income squared) × 0.45].

Medicaid exceptions to this formula include the District of Columbia (set in statute at 70 percent) and the territories (set in statute at 55 percent). Other Medicaid exceptions apply to certain services, providers, or situations (e.g., services provided through an Indian Health Service facility receive an FMAP of 100 percent). E-FMAPs for CHIP are calculated by reducing the state share under regular FMAPs for Medicaid by 30 percent. For FY 2020, the E-FMAPs are then increased by a set number of percentage points determined by statute.⁵

- ¹ For certain newly eligible individuals under the Medicaid expansion beginning in 2014, there is an increased FMAP (100 percent in 2014 through 2016, phasing down to 90 percent in 2020 and subsequent years). An increased FMAP is also available for certain states that expanded eligibility to low-income parents and non-pregnant adults without children before enactment of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (P.L. 111-148, as amended).
- ² The Families First Coronavirus Response Act of 2020 (FFCRA, P.L. 116-127) provides a temporary 6.2 percentage point FMAP increase during a public health emergency for each calendar quarter occurring during the period beginning on the first day of the public health emergency period, as defined in Section 1135(g)(1)(B) of the Social Security Act (the Act), and ending on the last day of the calendar quarter in which the last day of such emergency period occurs. The Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services declared a public health emergency on January 31, 2020 with an effective date of January 27, 2020, meaning the FMAP increase is effective January 1, 2020. States, including the District of Columbia and the territories, must meet certain maintenance-of-effort requirements in order to qualify for the FMAP increase. The FMAP increase does not apply to the Medicaid expansion population or other services such as those received at an Indian Health Services facility that already receive a higher matching rate.
- ³ Because the public health emergency period was in effect for all of FY 2022, this exhibit only displays the FY 2022 FMAPs and E-FMAPs with the 6.2 percentage point increase under the FFCRA.
- ⁴ Section 5131(a) of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 (P.L. 117-328) subsequently amended the FFCRA to phase down the FMAP increase during calendar year 2023. For the quarter beginning April 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2023 (Q3 of FY 2023), the FMAP increase is 5 percentage points. For the quarter beginning July 1, 2023, and ending September 30, 2023, the FMAP increase is 2.5 percentage points (Q4 of FY 2023). For the quarter beginning October 1, 2023, and ending December 31, 2023 (Q1 for FY 2024), the FMAP increase is 1.5 percentage points. Section 5131(b) of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 added a new §1902(tt) of the Act that requires states submit to CMS certain monthly data about activities related to eligibility redeterminations conducted during the period from April 1, 2023, to June 30, 2024. If a state does not satisfy the reporting requirements in §1902(tt) during the period from July 1, 2023, to June 30, 2024, CMS shall reduce the FMAP for the state by the number of percentage points (not to exceed 1 percentage point) equal to the product of 0.25 percentage points and the number of fiscal quarters during such period for which the state has failed to satisfy the reporting requirements.
- ⁵ The FMAPs displayed for FY 2024 are the percentages that are in effect for January 1, 2024 to September 30, 2024. As discussed in footnote 4, the FMAPs for the first quarter of FY 2024 would receive a 1.5 percentage point increase under the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023.
- ⁶ Because the E-FMAP in Section 2105(b) of the Act is calculated based on the FMAP, the E-FMAP is also higher for states, though not in the same amount, for the duration of the public health emergency period.
- ⁷ Under numerous legislation that was subsequently consolidated under the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 (P.L. 117-328), American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, and the Virgin Islands receive an FMAP of 83 percent beginning December 21, 2019 and Puerto Rico receives an FMAP of 76 percent from December 21, 2019—December 3, 2021 and January 1, 2022—September 30, 2027 but would receive it's normal FMAP of 55 percent between December 4, 2021 and December 31, 2021. The E-FMAPs for FYs 2022—2025 were calculated off of these increased FMAPs.

Sources: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, *Federal Register* notices for FYs 2022–2025; Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 (P.L. 117-328); Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, *Families First Coronavirus Response Act – Increased FMAP FAQs*, March 24, 2020, https://www.medicaid.gov/state-resource-center/downloads/covid-19-section-6008-faqs.pdf; Center for Medicaid and CHIP Services, CMS. 2020. E-mail to MACPAC, March 27 and March 30.



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MACStats