

EXHIBIT 15. Medicaid Full-Year Equivalent Enrollment by State and Eligibility Group, FY 2022 (thousands)

State	Total		Child		New adult group ¹		Other adult ²		Disabled		Aged	
	All enrollees	Full-benefit enrollees ³	All enrollees	Full-benefit enrollees ³	All enrollees	Full-benefit enrollees ³	All enrollees	Full-benefit enrollees ³	All enrollees	Full-benefit enrollees ³	All enrollees	Full-benefit enrollees ³
Total	87,680	80,305	31,499	31,320	23,003	22,419	15,653	12,439	9,183	8,092	8,342	6,036
Alabama	1,154	948	566	566	–	–	243	174	212	158	132	50
Alaska	250	249	100	100	71	71	50	50	15	15	13	13
Arizona	2,266	2,074	752	742	692	646	458	383	173	159	191	144
Arkansas	1,137	1,073	498	497	390	389	12	12	157	125	80	48
California ⁴	13,610	11,980	3,537	3,491	4,781	4,362	2,967	1,894	852	846	1,474	1,387
Colorado	1,535	1,485	518	517	673	672	159	149	102	91	85	55
Connecticut	1,176	1,012	359	356	369	368	239	206	61	35	150	47
Delaware	294	264	104	102	91	91	56	44	24	18	19	8
District of Columbia ⁵	278	266	76	76	86	86	57	57	30	28	29	19
Florida	5,180	4,595	2,569	2,558	–	–	1,260	1,107	630	515	722	415
Georgia	2,409	2,094	1,296	1,296	–	–	506	416	344	271	264	111
Hawaii	428	422	137	137	171	171	56	56	21	20	44	39
Idaho	414	394	160	160	133	133	40	40	50	42	32	19
Illinois ⁵	3,307	3,202	674	672	1,983	1,982	146	93	197	183	307	270
Indiana	1,949	1,787	744	727	485	478	415	343	175	150	131	89
Iowa	772	745	274	273	249	247	122	120	81	74	46	31
Kansas	446	415	252	252	–	–	76	74	75	62	43	27
Kentucky	1,605	1,501	452	452	674	673	156	154	213	163	110	59
Louisiana	1,785	1,661	567	566	730	730	100	98	231	184	157	83
Maine	417	337	109	105	101	99	86	50	60	45	61	38
Maryland	1,543	1,458	567	567	440	440	295	276	138	117	102	59
Massachusetts	2,006	1,694	440	396	470	443	540	351	324	321	233	183
Michigan	2,918	2,842	961	957	999	982	434	421	333	317	191	165
Minnesota	1,325	1,295	592	590	290	288	234	221	117	113	92	82
Mississippi	784	673	391	390	–	–	138	111	156	124	99	48

EXHIBIT 15. (continued)

State	Total		Child		New adult group ¹		Other adult ²		Disabled		Aged	
	All enrollees	Full-benefit enrollees ³	All enrollees	Full-benefit enrollees ³	All enrollees	Full-benefit enrollees ³	All enrollees	Full-benefit enrollees ³	All enrollees	Full-benefit enrollees ³	All enrollees	Full-benefit enrollees ³
Missouri ^{5,6}	1,328	1,292	666	666	221	220	146	146	186	171	109	87
Montana	287	277	105	105	114	114	30	28	22	19	17	12
Nebraska	330	324	151	151	70	70	45	45	39	36	25	21
Nevada	856	804	308	308	353	353	81	79	57	42	56	21
New Hampshire	242	219	81	80	90	90	27	18	26	20	18	11
New Jersey	1,918	1,890	639	639	728	728	203	201	174	168	173	154
New Mexico	928	832	326	326	293	288	164	136	76	55	69	27
New York	7,104	6,920	1,901	1,900	2,672	2,671	1,119	1,114	597	558	816	677
North Carolina	2,487	1,945	1,011	996	–	–	920	480	345	314	211	156
North Dakota ⁴	118	115	47	47	34	34	15	15	12	12	10	8
Ohio	3,094	2,963	1,053	1,053	897	896	519	519	387	330	239	165
Oklahoma	1,105	1,064	491	491	284	280	142	132	113	101	75	60
Oregon	1,241	1,096	282	279	676	643	56	18	115	93	111	64
Pennsylvania	3,338	3,222	985	982	1,088	1,085	380	366	575	538	310	251
Rhode Island	324	316	87	87	102	102	67	66	39	36	29	24
South Carolina	1,394	1,153	643	637	–	–	480	258	167	163	104	94
South Dakota ⁷	130	122	74	74	0	0	24	24	19	16	12	7
Tennessee	1,691	1,580	824	824	–	–	463	463	254	216	150	76
Texas ⁷	5,772	4,964	3,474	3,474	0	0	1,081	650	677	563	539	278
Utah ⁴	455	433	197	194	126	125	62	49	46	43	24	21
Vermont	194	187	67	67	74	74	14	14	19	18	20	14
Virginia	1,843	1,724	605	605	663	657	269	221	175	148	130	92
Washington	2,092	2,017	802	802	807	807	163	158	175	149	144	102
West Virginia	625	584	196	196	233	233	60	58	86	69	49	28
Wisconsin	1,409	1,344	498	497	–	–	576	527	187	184	148	137
Wyoming	79	74	46	46	–	–	15	15	11	10	7	4

EXHIBIT 15. (continued)

Notes: FY is fiscal year. Full-year equivalent (FYE) may also be referred to as average monthly enrollment. Enrollment numbers generally include individuals ever enrolled in Medicaid-financed coverage during the year, even if for a single month. However, in the event individuals were also enrolled in CHIP-financed Medicaid coverage (i.e., Medicaid-expansion CHIP) during the year, they are excluded if their most recent enrollment month was in Medicaid-expansion CHIP. Numbers exclude individuals enrolled only in Medicaid-expansion CHIP during the year and enrollees in the territories. Children and adults under age 65 who qualify for Medicaid on the basis of disability are included in the disabled category. Individuals age 65 and older eligible through an aged, blind, or disabled pathway are included in the aged category. Additionally, figures shown here may not be directly comparable to prior years due to differences in reporting between the Transformed Medicaid Statistical Information System (T-MSIS) and the Medicaid Statistical Information System (MSIS).

For MACPAC's analysis, Medicaid enrollees were assigned a unique national identification (ID) number using an algorithm that incorporates state-specific ID numbers and beneficiary characteristics such as date of birth and sex. The state and national enrollment counts shown here are unduplicated using this national ID. Categories may not sum to the total for each state due to rounding. In addition, the sum of the state totals exceeds the national total because individuals may be enrolled in more than one state during the year.

– Dash indicates zero; 0 indicates an amount less than 500 that rounds to zero.

¹ Includes both newly eligible and not newly eligible adults who are eligible under Section 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) of the Social Security Act (the Act). Newly eligible adults include those who are not eligible for Medicaid under the rules that a state had in place on December 1, 2009. Not newly eligible adults include those who would have previously been eligible for Medicaid under the rules that a state had in place on December 1, 2009; this includes states that had already expanded to adults with incomes greater than 100 percent of the federal poverty level as of March 23, 2010, and receive the expansion state transitional matching rate.

² Includes adults under age 65 who qualify through a pathway other than disability or Section 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) of the Act (e.g., parents and caretakers, pregnancy).

³ In this exhibit, full-benefit enrollees columns exclude enrollees reported by states in T-MSIS as receiving coverage of only emergency services, family planning services, COVID-19 diagnostic products or testing-related services, or assistance with Medicare premiums and cost sharing.

⁴ State has a state plan amendment (SPA) that allows the state to receive the enhanced federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) for Medicaid children who would have, before January 1, 2014, been enrolled in CHIP if not for the elimination of the Medicaid asset test. These children cannot be separately identified in the T-MSIS data. Because the state claims the spending for these children as Medicaid-expansion CHIP, we reduced child enrollment and spending in these states based on the proportion reported in their SPA. Correspondingly, we reduced California's child FYE enrollment by approximately 240,900, North Dakota's child FYE enrollment by approximately 2,800, and Utah's child FYE enrollment by approximately 12,000.

⁵ State reported enrollment for the new adult group that shows a difference of greater than 20 percent when compared to the CMS-64 enrollment report. The District of Columbia's average monthly enrollment was 34 percent less than the benchmark, Illinois's average monthly enrollment was 108 percent more than the benchmark, and Missouri's average monthly enrollment was 33 percent more than the benchmark.

⁶ State reported a large shift of enrollees between eligibility groups. Missouri reported a 1,325 percent increase in the new adult group and a 13 percent decrease in the other adult group.

⁷ State reported enrollment for the new adult group even though it had not expanded coverage in FY 2022.

Source: MACPAC, 2024, analysis of T-MSIS data as of February 2024.