

**EXHIBIT 30.** Percentage of Medicaid Enrollees in Managed Care by State and Eligibility Group, FY 2022

State	Total Medicaid enrollees (thousands)	Percentage of enrollees in managed care											
		Comprehensive managed care <sup>1</sup>						Limited-benefit plans <sup>2</sup>					
		Total	Child	New adult group <sup>4</sup>	Other adult <sup>5</sup>	Disabled	Aged	Total	Child	New adult group <sup>4</sup>	Other adult <sup>5</sup>	Disabled	Aged
<b>Total</b>	<b>93,900</b>	<b>73.4%</b>	<b>85.3%</b>	<b>82.3%</b>	<b>66.5%</b>	<b>54.1%</b>	<b>37.5%</b>	<b>40.2%</b>	<b>48.9%</b>	<b>33.4%</b>	<b>32.4%</b>	<b>46.9%</b>	<b>34.0%</b>
Alabama	1,238	0.0	–	–	–	0.0	0.1	8.2	0.0	–	0.3	21.1	37.7
Alaska	267	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Arizona	2,439	91.2	98.6	93.3	84.0	91.3	71.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arkansas	1,203	0.1	–	0.0	–	0.0	0.6	86.9	95.3	88.9	45.9	78.2	47.7
California <sup>6</sup>	14,742	82.0	91.7	89.2	61.9	85.7	74.6	6.3	6.2	7.8	5.1	6.5	3.8
Colorado	1,699	10.9	7.3	13.9	9.2	10.6	13.5	92.9	98.7	98.1	75.1	89.1	58.7
Connecticut	1,261	0.0	–	0.0	–	–	–	84.7	98.5	100.0	78.8	60.5	33.7
Delaware	318	87.0	95.9	95.1	76.9	74.6	44.7	89.0	97.2	98.6	78.6	76.1	44.1
District of Columbia <sup>7</sup>	291	81.9	94.6	95.0	96.6	54.6	7.2	21.5	9.5	14.0	9.0	45.8	75.7
Florida	5,626	78.9	97.3	–	76.3	63.4	32.8	93.5	99.2	–	92.7	87.6	80.2
Georgia	2,616	73.5	98.5	–	94.5	3.7	0.0	84.2	98.1	–	82.7	68.6	39.2
Hawaii	459	98.4	99.9	99.9	99.9	93.9	88.3	1.3	0.0	0.9	0.4	13.0	2.2
Idaho	465	–	–	–	–	–	–	95.0	99.9	99.7	98.1	85.6	60.2
Illinois <sup>7</sup>	3,590	80.7	91.2	86.8	53.8	56.1	47.3	–	–	–	–	–	–
Indiana	2,111	79.6	92.0	100.0	77.7	28.8	6.8	17.8	13.8	0.2	11.8	63.1	65.6
Iowa	848	94.2	98.4	96.2	93.0	89.9	69.0	95.9	99.8	97.7	96.1	92.0	69.1
Kansas	487	93.1	99.9	–	95.9	84.2	65.6	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kentucky	1,689	88.4	98.3	94.9	94.5	69.4	36.7	91.2	98.0	94.8	95.4	79.9	57.5
Louisiana	1,889	92.4	99.9	98.9	93.2	80.1	53.3	92.7	99.9	99.0	93.6	81.6	53.8
Maine	457	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Maryland	1,641	84.7	98.4	93.9	86.9	56.9	1.9	–	–	–	–	–	–
Massachusetts	2,163	41.1	48.8	50.4	34.5	32.9	33.7	32.6	43.5	41.3	27.2	35.9	2.1
Michigan	3,126	78.5	86.2	82.8	82.9	64.1	31.9	96.5	99.5	96.3	96.8	94.7	85.1
Minnesota	1,428	86.2	90.0	94.1	85.9	55.4	75.7	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mississippi	849	57.8	79.8	–	52.6	41.7	1.5	1.8	0.2	–	0.7	4.8	5.3

**EXHIBIT 30.** (continued)

State	Total Medicaid enrollees (thousands)	Percentage of enrollees in managed care											
		Comprehensive managed care <sup>1</sup>						Limited-benefit plans <sup>2</sup>					
		Total	Child	New adult group <sup>4</sup>	Other adult <sup>5</sup>	Disabled	Aged	Total	Child	New adult group <sup>4</sup>	Other adult <sup>5</sup>	Disabled	Aged
Missouri <sup>7,8</sup>	1,456	75.1%	97.7%	92.3%	91.2%	1.8%	0.2%	97.0%	100.0%	99.2%	98.6%	91.8%	80.7%
Montana	308	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nebraska	368	98.1	99.9	99.6	99.6	94.7	85.3	97.9	99.7	99.5	99.4	94.5	84.6
Nevada	958	75.4	86.1	87.0	84.8	3.1	0.3	92.4	99.6	97.8	95.0	71.6	33.5
New Hampshire	262	88.6	98.7	98.1	65.6	67.7	58.5	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.7	1.0
New Jersey	2,090	93.9	95.9	96.0	88.2	93.9	84.7	98.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	96.4	88.8
New Mexico	1,001	84.0	92.8	91.6	73.5	71.9	46.4	–	–	–	–	–	–
New York	7,657	74.6	94.2	90.3	59.5	51.4	15.9	3.8	0.0	0.5	0.6	6.9	25.5
North Carolina	2,740	58.6	90.9	–	44.7	31.2	3.9	24.0	10.2	–	13.7	66.2	70.5
North Dakota <sup>6</sup>	134	30.3	0.1	96.4	12.9	4.8	4.7	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ohio	3,291	80.6	95.8	89.3	91.4	48.6	10.2	5.1	0.0	0.0	2.0	16.0	34.7
Oklahoma	1,312	0.1	–	–	–	0.2	0.8	–	–	–	–	–	–
Oregon	1,404	84.4	92.9	89.7	31.7	77.0	61.8	6.9	6.7	7.5	5.5	7.8	3.9
Pennsylvania	3,608	92.2	96.7	95.0	92.2	86.9	77.9	95.0	98.3	98.3	94.5	92.5	78.4
Rhode Island	350	82.9	83.4	97.7	89.9	69.7	28.1	92.2	90.8	99.2	92.7	92.6	69.4
South Carolina	1,468	67.4	94.7	–	50.9	41.3	18.2	81.8	99.1	–	54.4	94.7	81.8
South Dakota <sup>9</sup>	142	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tennessee	1,805	92.8	99.5	–	99.6	84.1	50.8	–	–	–	–	–	–
Texas <sup>9</sup>	6,176	81.8	96.8	–	60.6	72.9	41.7	61.2	94.8	–	5.5	26.8	5.0
Utah <sup>6</sup>	502	80.3	87.3	77.8	68.5	81.7	66.4	89.1	97.6	80.2	77.5	95.7	86.4
Vermont	207	–	–	–	–	–	–	64.4	81.9	73.1	67.7	32.6	3.9
Virginia	2,008	75.3	98.0	86.4	77.5	1.5	1.6	15.9	0.2	9.7	1.8	81.6	66.6
Washington	2,288	86.5	96.9	96.4	91.9	52.0	7.4	9.0	0.9	2.9	2.4	34.0	67.0
West Virginia	668	83.0	99.0	96.1	95.0	49.0	2.8	93.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	79.6	58.5
Wisconsin	1,511	72.9	91.4	–	85.8	32.2	11.1	85.1	88.8	–	87.1	93.4	55.5
Wyoming	89	0.0	–	–	–	–	0.0	0.4	0.5	–	0.0	0.9	–



EXHIBIT 30. (continued)

State	Total Medicaid enrollees (thousands)	Percentage of enrollees in managed care					
		Primary care case management <sup>3</sup>					
		Total	Child	New adult group <sup>4</sup>	Other adult <sup>5</sup>	Disabled	Aged
<b>Total</b>	<b>93,900</b>	<b>7.3%</b>	<b>8.8%</b>	<b>7.4%</b>	<b>5.4%</b>	<b>8.4%</b>	<b>3.4%</b>
Alabama	1,238	78.6	96.8	—	92.2	53.4	15.6
Alaska	267	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arizona	2,439	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arkansas	1,203	53.1	83.5	17.8	55.2	64.1	13.0
California <sup>6</sup>	14,742	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colorado	1,699	92.1	98.0	97.2	74.6	88.5	58.2
Connecticut	1,261	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delaware	318	—	—	—	—	—	—
District of Columbia <sup>7</sup>	291	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	5,626	—	—	—	—	—	—
Georgia	2,616	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaii	459	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho	465	86.7	96.3	94.1	92.7	67.8	27.0
Illinois <sup>7</sup>	3,590	—	—	—	—	—	—
Indiana	2,111	—	—	—	—	—	—
Iowa	848	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0
Kansas	487	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kentucky	1,689	—	—	—	—	—	—
Louisiana	1,889	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maine	457	65.8	85.7	84.2	50.7	63.9	21.4
Maryland	1,641	—	—	—	—	—	—
Massachusetts	2,163	27.5	33.3	40.3	25.8	23.2	0.7
Michigan	3,126	—	—	—	—	—	—
Minnesota	1,428	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mississippi	849	—	—	—	—	—	—

## EXHIBIT 30. (continued)

State	Total Medicaid enrollees (thousands)	Percentage of enrollees in managed care					
		Primary care case management <sup>3</sup>					
		Total	Child	New adult group <sup>4</sup>	Other adult <sup>5</sup>	Disabled	Aged
Missouri <sup>7,8</sup>	1,456	–	–	–	–	–	–
Montana	308	83.4%	94.0%	94.8%	80.5%	40.7%	3.7%
Nebraska	368	–	–	–	–	–	–
Nevada	958	–	–	–	–	–	–
New Hampshire	262	–	–	–	–	–	–
New Jersey	2,090	–	–	–	–	–	–
New Mexico	1,001	–	–	–	–	–	–
New York	7,657	–	–	–	–	–	–
North Carolina	2,740	16.0	7.5	–	6.9	50.1	44.4
North Dakota <sup>6</sup>	134	52.7	89.5	14.4	97.2	1.1	0.0
Ohio	3,291	–	–	–	–	–	–
Oklahoma	1,312	94.6	99.1	97.6	88.3	84.8	76.2
Oregon	1,404	21.9	21.0	22.9	15.1	25.2	18.1
Pennsylvania	3,608	–	–	–	–	–	–
Rhode Island	350	–	–	–	–	–	–
South Carolina	1,468	0.1	0.0	–	–	0.5	–
South Dakota <sup>9</sup>	142	75.2	89.8	–	93.6	38.1	11.2
Tennessee	1,805	–	–	–	–	–	–
Texas <sup>9</sup>	6,176	–	–	–	–	–	–
Utah <sup>6</sup>	502	–	–	–	–	–	–
Vermont	207	–	–	–	–	–	–
Virginia	2,008	–	–	–	–	–	–
Washington	2,288	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.0
West Virginia	668	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wisconsin	1,511	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wyoming	89	–	–	–	–	–	–

**EXHIBIT 30.** (continued)

**Notes:** FY is fiscal year. Enrollment numbers generally include individuals ever enrolled in Medicaid-financed coverage during the year, even if for a single month. However, in the event individuals were also enrolled in CHIP-financed Medicaid coverage (i.e., Medicaid-expansion CHIP) during the year, they are excluded if their most recent enrollment month was in Medicaid-expansion CHIP. Numbers exclude individuals enrolled only in Medicaid-expansion CHIP during the year and enrollees in the territories. Children and adults under age 65 who qualify for Medicaid on the basis of disability are included in the disabled category. Individuals age 65 and older eligible through an aged, blind, or disabled pathway are included in the aged category. Additionally, figures shown here may not be directly comparable to prior years due to differences in reporting between the Transformed Medicaid Statistical Information System (T-MSIS) and the Medicaid Statistical Information System (MSIS).

Individuals are counted as participating in managed care if they had at least one month indicating plan enrollment. For MACPAC's analysis, Medicaid enrollees were assigned a unique national identification (ID) number using an algorithm that incorporates state-specific ID numbers and beneficiary characteristics such as date of birth and sex. The state and national enrollment counts shown here are unduplicated using this national ID. The sum of the state totals exceeds the national total because individuals may be enrolled in more than one state during the year. Medicaid enrollees may be enrolled concurrently in more than one type of managed care program (e.g., a comprehensive plan and a limited-benefit plan), so the sum of enrollment across program types as a percentage of total Medicaid enrollment may be greater than 100 percent.

Figures shown here, which are based on T-MSIS data, may differ from those that use Medicaid managed care enrollment report data. Reasons for differences include differing time periods, state reporting anomalies, and the treatment of Medicaid-expansion CHIP enrollees (excluded here but included in enrollment report data). Although the enrollment report is a commonly cited source, it does not provide information on the characteristics of enrollees in managed care (e.g., eligibility group).

– Dash indicates zero; 0.0% indicates an amount less than 0.05% that rounds to zero.

<sup>1</sup> Includes comprehensive managed care, health insuring organization, and Programs of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

<sup>2</sup> Includes prepaid inpatient health plan (PIHP), prepaid ambulatory health plan (PAHP), accountable care organization, and other plan types. PIHPs and PAHPs include plans covering services for long-term services and supports, behavioral health, substance use disorder, dental, transportation, and pharmacy.

<sup>3</sup> Primary care case management (PCCM) includes traditional PCCM, enhanced PCCM, and medical and health homes.

<sup>4</sup> Includes both newly eligible and not newly eligible adults who are eligible under Section 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) of the Social Security Act (the Act). Newly eligible adults include those who are not eligible for Medicaid under the rules that a state had in place on December 1, 2009. Not newly eligible adults include those who would have previously been eligible for Medicaid under the rules that a state had in place on December 1, 2009; this includes states that had already expanded to adults with incomes greater than 100 percent of the federal poverty level as of March 23, 2010, and receive the expansion state transitional matching rate.

<sup>5</sup> Includes adults age 19 to 64 who qualify through a pathway other than disability or Section 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) of the Act (e.g., parents and caretakers, pregnancy).

<sup>6</sup> State has a state plan amendment (SPA) that allows the state to receive the enhanced federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) for Medicaid children who would have, before January 1, 2014, been enrolled in CHIP if not for the elimination of the Medicaid asset test. These children cannot be separately identified in the T-MSIS data. Because the state claims the spending for these children as Medicaid-expansion CHIP, we reduced child enrollment and spending in these states based on the proportion reported in their SPA. Correspondingly, we reduced California's child enrollment by approximately 261,700, North Dakota's child enrollment by approximately 3,200, and Utah's child enrollment by approximately 12,800.

<sup>7</sup> State reported enrollment for the new adult group that shows a difference of greater than 20 percent when compared to the CMS-64 enrollment report. The District of Columbia's average monthly enrollment was 34 percent less than the benchmark, Illinois's average monthly enrollment was 108 percent more than the benchmark, and Missouri's average monthly enrollment was 33 percent more than the benchmark.

<sup>8</sup> State reported a large shift of enrollees between eligibility groups. Missouri reported a 355 percent increase in the new adult group and a 15 percent decrease in the other adult group.

<sup>9</sup> State reported enrollment for the new adult group even though it had not expanded coverage in FY 2022.

**Source:** MACPAC, 2024, analysis of T-MSIS data as of February 2024.